

Galilee to Jerusalem



Year 4 Spring 1

Messiah - a title for Jesus, who came to save humanity through serving it.

Christ - a title for Jesus, the anointed one.

Incarnation - Jesus is fully God <u>and</u> fully human.

Kingdom - Jesus shows that God's kingdom includes those who are excluded by society.

Sacrament of the Sick - people when very ill, are anointed to gain God's strength.

Nicene Creed - a prayer said by followers during Mass that states what they believe.

Marginalised - when people are separated by others because of illness, attitudes or misunderstandings.

Key Scripture:

When he entered the house, the blind men came to him, and Jesus said to them, "Do you believe that I am able to do this?" They said to him, "Yes, Lord." Then he touched their eyes, saying, "According to your faith be it done to you." And their eyes were opened. Matthew 9:28-30



This was to fulfil what was spoken by the prophet Isaiah: "He took our illnesses and bore our diseases."



But when the disciples saw him walking on the sea, they were terrified, and said, "It is a ghost!" and they cried out in fear. But immediately Jesus spoke to them, saying, "Take heart; it is I. Do not be afraid." Matthew 14:26-27

By the end of this unit, I will UNDERSTAND:

- Describe what a prophet is drawing on Elijah and John the Baptist as examples.
- Show some understanding of the cultural and religious context of Elijah's time and why people needed to be reminded of God's covenant.
- Compare the description of John the Baptist in Mark and Matthew's accounts and describe the beliefs about John the Baptist the gospel writers show.
- Make links with the words of Isaiah, the preaching of John the Baptist, and the season of Advent.

Matthew 8:17

- Know that the feast of Christ the King marks the end of the Church's year and describe what is celebrated.
- Makes links with the ancestry of Jesus and the Jesse tree.





